Eard to "injurious to the morals or matorial interest of the community." Mr. Anderson thought these provisions would thrust the judge into the vortex and maelstrom of hatred and passionate confests at the same time that they promised him with no legal definite test upon which to decide the question.

He thought they would thend to destroy the independence and undermine the fearlessness of our judges. He was not opposed to the object of the Mann bill, but to the method proposed. He expressed willingness to vote for any bill Judge Mann would draw, provided its adoption was left to the qualified electorate.

Arr. Anderson, therefore, offered as a substitute to the committee amendment the original Mann bill amended, so as to apply to eities as well as counties, but providing for a popular vote before enforcement.

ASKED QUESTIONS.

rorement.

ASKED QUESTIONS.

The Richmond Senator was piled with questions, but he held his ground splendidly. He argued with great force that the people themselves ought to have the right to say whether or not they wanted liquor to be sold. The matter of presenting petitions he regarded as absurd, for the very good reason that people would sign petitions for or against almost anything.

ing petitions for or against almost anything.

Judge Mann, early in the fight, showed the game qualities in him by making it plain that if Mr. Anderson's amendments should prevail all he was fighting for would be lost.

Mr. Wickham lined up with Judge Mann, and while the Hanover Senator had nothing to say, he nodded approvingly when the Judge bored holes in the Anderson amendments.

The Richmond Senator was not at all abashed. He was calm, cool and polities and nice, as he always is, and in that modest way so characteristic of him he poured hot shot into the feature of the Mann bill that allows a judge to pass upon petitions and decide where liquor shall be sold, rather than to permit the people at an election and by secret hallot decide this question.

Mr. Anderson laid great stress upon the fact that a marked copy of a paper, telling what had been the fate of Senators in Tennessee who had voted against the thing asked for here, had been sent to Virginia Senators. He said that, for one, he was going to do what he thought to be for the best interests of his people, and a welled threat would not cause him to leave the path that he thought to the care this "marked copy" being sent to the Senators, and that he knew nothing of it.

"If it is sought to intimidate me," said

nothing of it.
"If it is sought to intimidate me," said
Senator Anderson, "I would resign my
seat before I would be driven into doing
that which I believe not only to be not
right, but to be an attack upon the very
fundamental principles upon which our
government rests, and that is the prinriple to let the people decide for themciple to let the people decide for them-

ciple to let the people decide for themselves what they want."

Mr. Wickham sald the "marked copy," if it had come to liim, had been assigned to the waste basket. Other Senators stated that they had received the paper but had paid no attention to it.

JUDGE MANN'S REPLY.

Mr. Anderson made for his side a selection of the paper but had argument.

Mr. Ahderson made for his side a splendid argument.

When Judgo Mann rose to roply a hush fell over the assembly. The Judge was fired with enthusiasm for his measure. He was loaded with argument. He was in excellent immor. In mighty good taste he argued for what he wanted acomplished without denouncing or abusing anybody whatsoever. He talked as a father would to his children in pleading with them to be good, but promising to use some switch if they did not be good.

good.

The Judge argued that there could not possibly be placed a construction upon his bill to make it appear to be unrea-

possibly be placed a construction upon his bill to make it appear to be unreasonable.

"My bill," he said, with great emphasis, "is to place the burden upon the man who wants a liquer license, and to take the burden off those who oppose the license. If this is not fair, if it is not just, if it is not right, then I don't know what is right and what is justice."

Judge Mann could see no reason why the judge passing upon the application for a license could not determine what is the sense of the people in the neighborhood where it is proposed to conduct the saloon. He fired a pretty hot she at Senator Anderson in regard to the bill to allow judges to decide as to the extention of corporate limits of cities or towns instead of permitting the people most directly affected to vote.

Mr. Anderson worked his way out the hole into which he was placed in a diplomatic way. He said that the Legislature had decided that the case he referred to was wrong, and if the contention of Judge Mann now was good. Judge Mann was wrong. In other words, the Legislature had decided in the one case not to allow the judges to pass upon the matter of annexation, and aft ought to be consistent and not to permit this thing proposed to be done now.

Judge Mann made it plain that he was

and not to permit this thing proposed to be done now.

Judge Mann made it plain that he was in favor of the abelition of salcons everywhere, and that he was proceeding step by step to accomplish his purpose.

It was a most courteous, a very able debate, and it will be resumed when the Senate meets at 11 o'clock to-day.

The Morning Session.

When the Senate met at 10 o'clock it was quite evident that it would be a strenuous day in the life of the Senastrenuous day in the life of the Sena-tors. The revenue bill was the subject to be considered, and, perhaps, passed. Members of the body were early in their seats and reading the measure carefully. The Senate chamber rapidly filled up with visitors, and there was a pretty good aprinkling of people in the gallery. Senator Wickham, who had charge of the measure, seemed to realize the bur-den that was upon his shoulders when

den that was upon his shoulders when he came in and took his seat. Chairman Boaz, of the House Finance Committee who will have to lead the fight for the measure when it goes back in its amendwho will have to lead the fight for the measure when it goes back in its amended form, to his side of the Capitol building, sat by the side of Mr. Wickham.

Mr. Garrett offered an amendment as to the tonnage tax on coal, but he subsequently withdrew it.

The first battle occurred over Mr. Anderson's amendment to reduce the tax upon building and loan associations from \$75 to \$50. This led to a very spicy little discussion as to the merits, or demerits, of

cussion as to the merits, these associations. Something had been said about the Auditor of Public Acsaid about the Auditor of Public Ac-counts having said that these corpora-tions are not bearing their just burden of taxation. Mr. Cogbill stated, in his jocular way, that the Auditor was look-ing around always for subjects for tax-ation. "He thinks about this matter in the day and dreams about it at night." said Mr. Cogbill.

said Mr. Cogbill.

Mr. Watkins fired his 18-inch gun a the Anderson amendment and killed it. He thought these associations should be compelled to contribute their just share to the support of the government.

The Anderson amendment went the

NO TAX ON BARBERS.
The Finance Committee's amendmen

Tour Liver

Will be roused to its natural dutie and your billiousness, headache an constipation be cuted if you tak

Hood's Pills



to the House bill removing the tax pro to the House bill removing the tax pro-posed to be placed upon each barber's chair was adopted. Mr. Wickham said the committee, while realizing and recog-nizing the fact that the barber is a "ton-sorial artist," also recognized the fact that they were labor men, and if they were to be taxed, to follow out this prin-ciple, farm hands would have to be

Mr. Barksdale secured the passage of an amendment increasing the license tax on labor agents from \$25 to \$50, and requiring them to go before court and prove that they are proper persons to engage in the business.

in the business.

Mr. McIlwaine moved to have the bill so amended as to abolish the tax appon so amended as to abolish the tax appon boarding house keepers. He could not see why this tax was ever imposed. In most cases the keepers of boarding houses were poor, helpless women, and were engaged in this occupation not because they desired to do so, but because they were forced by circumstances so to do. "Many women suffer in silence, where mon would protest," said the Petersburg Sangtor.

tersburg Senator.
MR. WICKHAM REPLIES.

MR. WICKHAM REPLIES.

Mr. Wickham stated that it was khown throughout the State that this bill was under consideration; thousands of people had come to the committee, but then had not been a single protest from this source. "It is a hard thing to impose taxes," said Mr. Wickham. "Nobody desires to do this. We can all agree with the Petersburg Senator in his expression of sympathy for these good women. But if we were to follow out the example he would set, we could not tax the poor arramers, the poor lawyers, the poor arwould set, we could not tak the poor arfarmers, the poor lawyers, the poor architects and the poor teamsters, nor the
poor anybody else. The mind of man
has nover yet conceived of a tax bill
that is satisfactory to everybody, nor
is that possible. We should not, however, legislate in these matters out of
everybody."

Mr. Claytor pointed out that boarding Mr. Claytor pointed out that obtains houses by being licensed and taxed enjoyed certain privileges as to lieus, which they would lose if this amendment was adopted.

Mr. Chapman took the same view of the matter as did Mr Wickham, and Mr. Shands supported Mr. Mellwaine's contentions.

tentions.

Shands supported Mr. McHwantes conventions.

The amendment offered by Mr. McHwalne was adopted. This was the first material change made in the act, but the tax derived from boarding houses is not large in the aggregate. It is \$5 per annum upon each house and one percent, upon the rental value of house and furniture in excess of \$100.

FROTECTING LAWYERS.

Mr. Sears offered an amendment designed to protect the lawyers, in other word, he thought that as they were taxed, others than those who are regularly licensed attorneys should not be permitted to write deeds or wills for compensation. "The inedical men and the dentists are protected." said he, "No one save these licensed doctors and dencompensation. "The medical men and the donitats are protected," said he, "No one save these licensed doctors and dentists can practice their profession for compensation. Why discriminate against the lawyers? I say it with all degree of modesty, that there is no class of people who serve their State and the people who serve their State and the people of the Commonwealth for so little pay as the lawyers."

Mr. Bryant called attention to the compensation of the liveliest session.

The Senate at 2 o'clock took a recess until 3:30.

At the afternoon session the Mann bill was considered, and the Senate adjourned to modesty, that there is no class of people who serve their State and the people of the Commonwealth for so little pay as the lawyers."

Mr. Bryant called attention to the fact that this proposed amendment would provent real estate agents from drawing deeds, and he wanted it amended so as to exempt these people.

Mr. Wickham admitted the force of Mr. Sears' remarks, but he thought the amendment should not be adopted. "I would be loth to interfere with the old and established customs of the State," of the control of the state," said he. "There is a large class of hen-orable people in this State who would be affected. They are the justices of the peace. Would you say that these justices should not charge a small fee for drawing up a bill of sale for a horse? I think this proposed amendment would drawing up a bill of sale for a horse? I think this proposed amendment would affect the individual rights of the citizen. You would derive little revenue from this action suggested, and you would simply antagonize a larse class of our best and most worthy people."

MR. LYLE'S VIEWS

Replying to Mr. Lyte, who favored the Sears amendment. Mr. Wickham sald: "Would you force a poor man out in the mountains of Craig or Montgomery to

mountains of Craig or Montgomery to go 25 miles in order to secure the services of a trained lawyer and to pay him a fee of \$25 or \$50 in order to have drawn up a bill of sale for timber when this man could get a person at home to do this work for 50 cents?"

My Lyle said that it would be much better for these people to go to a lawyer to have their work done than to have legal papers drawn un by those who are ignorant of law, "Why," said he, "some of the biggest fees I ever received came from people who had gone ceived came from people who had gone to men who do not know law and had them draw up papers which turned out to be faulty. It is for the very best interests of the very people to whom the Hanover Senator refers that I am speak-

ing."
Mr. Sears thought that he was proposing to do not only what was just to the lawyers, but that which would protect week and ignorant people against that which might work harm to them. This debate took a very humorous turn

This debate took a very numerous turn and there was much pleasantry indulged in smong Messrs. Wickham, Lyle, Mell, waine, Eears, Harkedale and others.

Speaking aeriously, Mr. Sears said he was defending a great principle. It was not a question of disturbing the rural

Onsmipronsing Cups.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., March 25.—
In the finals for the Ponce de Leon cup from the text "The arms of the devir from the text "The arms of the devir fish."

To-hight Dr. Coleman's subject will be resulted and the state of the devir fish."

people, but one of doing justice by all and being logical in passing a tax bill.

HIS WAS ONLY PRACTICAL.

"I do not profess to be logical, but simply to be practical," answered Mr.

Wickham.

Mr. Sears declared the tax bill to be illegical and not practical. He favored the principle of overy man contributing his just share to the support of the gov-

the principle of every hair contributions in sixt share to the support of the government, and he did not want favors to be shown some and others discriminated against.

Mr. Sears reluctantly accepted an amendment proposed by Mr. Halsey, saving what is known as a "conveyancer," he to pay a license tax of \$10 per year.

Mr. Keezell opposed the whole thing and argued that it would work a great hardship upon country people to force them to go many miles to secure the services of a licensed "conveyancer" or a lawyer, for few people in the remote country districts could afford to take out the license of a "conveyance." He agreed with Mr. Wickham that this proposed action would needlessly stir up

agreed with Mr. Wickham that this proposed action would needlessly stir up trouble throughout the State.

Mr. Halsey, at Mr. Claytor's suggestion, agreed to make the tax upon the "conveyancer" 85.

Mr. Scars asked Mr. Wickham if he should follow out his views to their logical conclusion. if it would not be well to have the Governor appoint notaries public without the notaries paying any fee.

AS TO NOTARIES AS TO NOTARIES.

Mr. Wichham repeated the statement that he did not attempt to be logical, but to be practical. In the first place, he thought the amendment unnecessary; secondly, little revenue would come from it, and, thirdly, it would stir up troubly and would needlessly put the country people to great worry, trouble and anapyance.

Mr. Sears could not see the matter in this light, but he thought no more favor should be shown one class of people than another.

should be shown one class of peoplo than another.

In that plain, practical way he has of presenting his views, Mr. Gold said it looked to him as it this amendment simply meant saying to the country people "stand and deliver." It would seriously affect a good and useful class of clitzens. "I have seen wills written by farmers that have stood the test of courts and I have heard of wills written by lawyers that have failed to stand the test," said Mr. Gold.

"Then you would change the law so as to permit anybody out in the country to extract teeth without being licensed?" asked Mr. Sears.

"Not at all," said Mr. Gold. 'That has nothing to do with the case."

The amondment was rejected by a very decided vote after one of the liveliest that her searched devices that

decided vote after one of the liveliest

HOUSE SESSION

This Body Passes a Number of Local Measures.

The House was called to order by Speaker John F, Ryan and prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Russell Cecil, of the Presbyterian church.

The following bills were offered and re-

ferred: By Mr. West; To authorize the super-visors of any county to increase the school levy, By various members: Petitions favoring the passage of the Mann fluor bill.

The House refused to agree to the Senate amendments to the Child labor bill, and Mr. Cabell, the patron of the measure, asked for a conference, which was

The House then disposed of its calen-

The House then disposed of its calendar, passing a number of local bills.

To incorporate the town of Drakes Branch in the county of Charlotte.

To amend section 15 of an act entitled an act to aid the citizens of Viriginia who were disabled by wounds received during the war between the States, while serving as solders, sailors, or marines of Virginia, and as such served during the said war as solders, sailors, and marines of Virginia, who are now disabled by discusse contracted during the said war, or by the infirmities of age, and the widows of selders, sailors, or marines of Virginia who lost their lives in said service, or whose death resulted from wounds received or disease contracted in said service, and providing penalites for violating the provisions of this act, approved April 2, 1802.

To amend and re-enact section 4 of an act to establish a Corporation Court for the city of Radford, passed January 23, 1892, in relation to jurisdiction of county

and city courts.

To authorize the city of Charlottesylle to close a street in said city, known as Fifth street.

Championship Cups.

MADE THEM

Richmond Team Gave the Quakers Exercise.

BUT WAS FINALLY BEATEN

The Score was Nine to Two Favor of the Philles on the Wind-Up - Individual Work of the Nines.

In the presence of some two or three hundred fans, all of whom rooted loy-ally and lustly for the home boys, the Phillies yesterday afternoon at Broad Street Park defeated the Richmond State League team by a score of 0 to 2, But the game was more interesting, entertaining and exciting than is denoted by

The efforts of the home aggregation to

The efforts of the home aggregation to overtake the lead acquired by the Phillies were altogether dandy, and many were the clever stunts performed by some members of the local team. They were weak with the stick and could not swat the shpere at the proper moment, and at times their fielding was a trille off color. WINNING TEAM!

Considered as the first time this soason the team has indulged in any contest, the showing made by them yesterday against the big leaguers, the fans were well pleased, and think Richmond has a winning team. Individually, there are some good players in the citty, and all that is needed to round the aggregation into champions is practice at team work. At critical moments yesterday the playing of some of the infield was of the dumb order, while at the bat once or twice the men displayed bad judgment. Especially was this true of "Skillett" Jones, the center fielder. Had he exercised better judgment the score would have been different.

Two men were on bases and Jones had three balls and no strikes chalked against him. Instead of letting the next one or two go by he swung at the ball, struck

three balls and no strikes chalked against him. Instead of lotting the next one or two go by he swung at the ball, struck it to Wolverfon and a double play resulted, the side being retired without scoring, although the man up hit for two bases.

Hicks and Bigby, third baseman and shortston respectively, do not desire

shortstop, 'respectively, do not desire any medals for the game played by them Both made costly errors and allowed runs Both made costly errors and allowed runs to be scored, when good work would have resulted differently. This is manifested by the tabulated score, which shows that the Phillies carned only two runs. The others were made by bud playing, and Bigby and Hicks were the principal oftenders.

DID GOOD WORK.

Hooker and Thomas did the twirling. Both are good slab artists, and promise to develop into fast minor league pitchers before the scason is over. The National Leaguers were able to make only nine hits off the two men, and Barry and Kelster did the best of this.

Fritz Knowles, the star batter of the

nine hits off the two men, and Barry and Kelster did the best of this. Fritz Knowles, the star batter of the City League last year, surprised the fans by striking out three times yesterday, although he knocked a two-burger the first time he was up. He doesn't seem to have his batting eye with him, but will probably prove all right before the season is over. He batted above 600 last year, which is quite remerkable. The game proved for the Phillies just what they have been looking for. It was fine practice, and Manager Zimmer was well pleased with the showing made by the men, not one of them making an error during the nine fanings of play.

WEAK AT THE BAT.

The Phillies appear rather weak at the

WEAK AT THE BAT.
The Phillies appear rather weak at the bat, but this is probably due to the fact that they haven't yet got their batting eyes and are a trifle puzzled by the

In the box it is hard to tell just how the team will show up in the big league. The twirling staff looks good on paper, and some of them showed last year that they could mix them up to a puzzling

The tabulated score tells the story of the game:

	Zimmer. 1 b	1	12	. 0	0
	Brashear, 2 b 1	1	3	2	0
	Hulswith, s. s 2	1	0	0	0
ŀ	Hallman, c. f 1	1	2	0	0
	Roth, c 1		6	1	0
	Mitchell, p	ó	0	3	0
	Burchell, p 0	.0	0	0	0
	Wolfe, p 0	0	0	2	o
	Wolfe, p	v		-	
		9	-	14	-0
	Totals 9	B	0	14	0
	RICHMOND,	900	13760	1981	
	Players. R.				Ð.
	Jones, c. f		0	0	0
	Hicks. 8. 8 0	1	1	2	1
	S. Bigby, l. f. and 1 b 0	2	2	1	0
	Thomas, 1 b. and p 1	1	- 5	4	0
	Knowles, 2 b 0	1	1	1	1
	F. Bigby, 8 b 0	0	1	4	2
	Bender, r. f 0	0	5	0	1
į	McLeevey, c 0	0	7	2	0
I	Hooker, p. and l. f 0	0	2	2	ñ
	Hooker, p. and L. L	00.20		B. 47	1000

...... 2 6 24 16 5

Condition of the Injured.

Condition of the injured.

The latest information from young Stophen Putney, who was hirt by being hit on the head with a rock at Woodberry Forest last-Triday, was that he was out of danger and setting along nicely.

Fireman Bullock, who was hurt while going to the fire last Sunday moraling, is improving.

going to the sis improving.
Alfred Sandridge, who attempted to kill himself three weeks ago, after shooting Miss Nannie Morris, is rapidly recover-

Winder-Lindsay.

Mr. William Winder, of York county, and Miss Bessle Lindsay, daughter of Captain Edmond C. Lindsay, were mar-ried last night at the home of the bride's father on Lester Street. Rev. Dr. R. B. Egglesten, pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church, performed the Mr. Winder was accompanied from York county by his sister.

At Broadus Memorial

The largest meeting of the series was held last night at Broadus-Memorial Church, Rev. C. C. Coleman preaching from the text "The arms of the devir fish."

GIVE YOUR FACE A CHANCE. COKE

BEATS ANY SOAP. LEAVES NO CHANCE FOR CONTAGION.

250 COLLAPSIBLE TUBES. A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO

TWO FAVORITES

Wind Had Dried Track Out Considerably and Going Was Much Better.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, March 25.—Two favorites and two heavily played second choices won at the third day's racing today at Bennings spring meeting. A brisk wind had dried out the track mabrisk wind had dried out the track materially. The biggest upset of the day came in the fifth race. Lowly, the seven to ten favorite, with Redfern up, got away badly and did not figure in the race, which was won by Goldsby, backed down from 10 to 8. Summary:

First race—for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs—Ahola (4 to 1) first, Blue and Orange (15 to 20) second, Walbrook (7 to 1) third. Time,

1:10. Second race-for maiden two-year-olds

Hist, Geisha Gir (b) 61 second, Francer (6 to 1) third. Time, 1:17.

Sixth race-selling; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and forty yards—Dark Planet (3:to 5) first Blue Victor (12 to 1) second, Larva (5 to 1) third. Time, 1:50.

Very Close Finish.

(By Associated Press.)
LITTLE ROCK, ARK., March 25.—Ed.
L. Reducor, Claude Walton and Almloss
finished so close togother in the fifth race
that only the judges could separate them.
They placed Ed. L., the favorite, first.
Summary:

Summary:
First race—two-years-olds; half mile—
Brockwood Belle (3 to 5) first, Comoro (3 to 1) second, Montholon (3 to 5) third.
Time, 50 3-4.

Fourth race-one mile-Kenova (6

Fourth race—one mile—Kenova (6 to 2) first, St. Tammany (3 to 1) second, Flintlock (3 to 6) third. Time, 1:43.

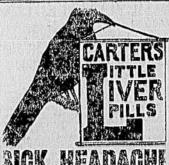
Fifth race—six furlongs, solling—Ec. 17. (4 to 5) first, Claud Walton (10 to 1) scond, Roducer (2 to 1) third, Time, fig. Sixth race—mile and seventy yards, solling—Henry of Franstamar (oven) first, Lee Bruno (3 to 1) second, Torra 1stcognita (3 to 1) third, Time, 1:48 3-4.

TREASURY IN MARKET FOR SILVER BULLION

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, March 25,-The Trea wABHINGTON, March 28.—Ino Trea-sury Department to-day gave notice that on Mondays and Thursdays, until further notice, offers would be received at the Bureau of the Mint for the sale to the government of silver buillon to be coined into pesos, under the Philippine coinage act, approved March 2, 1903. No offers of less than 5,000 ounces will be enter-

MAY USE CABLE TO **EXCHANGE RATIFICATION**

Quesada, the Cuben minister, has notified President Palma that Secretary Hay will consent to the use of the cable to expedite the exchange of ratifications of the treaty, if it shall be adopted by the Cuben treaty of the cabe of the c Senate as amended, and notification reached here by March 31st that the documents are placed in the mail for trans mission by that time.



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPH) LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pilce.

BODY RESTS

Many Attended the Funeral of Mr. Cullingworth,

A PROFUSION OF FLOWERS

Choice Floral Gems Attested the Esteem in Which He was Held. Lee Camp's Detail and the Pall-bearers.

The last sad rites over the remains of Mr. William H. Cullingworth, whose death on Tuesday morning last has carried sorrow to the hearts of many Riche mond people, were conducted yesterday

ried sorrow to the hearts of many Kannon people, were conducted yesterday afternoon at the First Presbyterian Church in the presence of a large concourse of the friends and relatives of the deceased. The body was laid to rest in the family plot in Bhocker Hill Cemetery.

The service began at 4 o'clock, and continued for three-quarters of an hour or more. The cerumonies were simple, but most impressive. Considerably before the time for the beginning, people began to come in, and when the funeral cortege drew up to the church and the family and intimate friends entered the place was completely filled. Many well known citizens were present to do honor to the memory of the deceased gentleman.

A full wagon load of choice and beautiful floral designs were banked about the restrum. Roses, illies, wiolets and other variottes left a sweet and delicate fragrace to the atmosphere of the church. The great popularity of Mr. Cullingworth was in no way better attasted than by the efforts of his friends to lay about his blor the choicest, and most fragrant of flowers.

nounced the words of the service be ning. "I am the resurrection and life," and to the accompaniment of life," and to the accompaniment of the sadly sweet peals of the organ, the funeral party, which reached the church shortly after 4 o'clock, proceeded up the main alse to the restrum, in front of which the coffin was deposited. An anthem by the choir, "I Need Thee," followed, and then prayer was offered by the Rev. R. B. Eggleston, of the Third Presbyterian Church.

Another anthem came next, and then Dr. Kerr read from the service, after which the sweet and solemn "Peace, Perfect Peace," was sung by the choir. The service ended after a few moments more, and the body was borne out and to Shockee Hilli, where it was laid final-

to Shockoe IIIII, where it was laid final

ly to rest.
THE PALL-BEARERS.

THE PALL-BEARERS.

Delegations from Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, the Knights Templar, and other organizations were present, The pall-bearers were as follows:
Ilonorary—R. T. Brocke, Robert Whittett, Sr. W. S. Robinson, Judge B. R. Wellford, Dr. Paulus Irving, Dr. C. L. Blanton, J. G. Tinsley, G. R. Cannon, C. V. Mercedith, W. D. Chosterman, J. F. Wingfeld, Philip Whitlock, Dr. Edward McGuire, W. J. Westwood, G. W. Taylor, Dr. W. H. Parker, E. H. Ferguson, Active—W. G. Camp, D. D. Talley, W. S. Donnan, John Donnan, Emmett Morton, C. E. Wellford, Dr. G. S. Wellford, W. W. Wood, John T. Watson, Jr., Irving Campbell.

Campbell.

The death of Mr. Cullingworth comes as a great blow to his many friends throughout the city. No man in Richmond was better, known or botter liked than he, and great sorrow is felt at his departure.

W. Bledsoe Smith. Mr. W. Bledsoe Smith died at 8:45 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of Mr. John S. Lear, No. 2316 East Marshall

Street.

Mr. Smith was twenty-two years of age and was exceedingly well known in a large circle of friends. He had for some time occupied an important ciercial position with the Locomotive Works.

The remains will be taken to Roanoke to-day for interment, accompanied by Rev. George H. Spooner, pastor of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, and relatives and friends.

Decoased leaves two brothers—Messra.

R. O. Smith, Richmond, and E. H. Smith, Norfolk—and four sisters—Mrs. Bonjamin Ford, of New Jersey; Mrs. William Comer, Vinton, and Misses Lula and Parke Smith, Vinton.

Miss Bertha Bell.

Miss Bertha Bell.

Miss Bertha Bell, only daughter of Mr. John F. Bell, dled Tuesday at the home of Mrs. J. J. Snead, in Hanover county. She was in the ninetcenth year of her

age.
The funeral will take place at noon to-day from the Grove-Avenue Baptist Church.

Mrs. Margaret A. E. Clarke Mrs. Margaret A. E. Clarke.

Mrs. Margaret A. E. Clarke died at 8:10
o'clock Tuesday night at her home, No.
517 North Twenty-first Street. She was
the wife off Mr. William A. Clarke and
was in the sixty-second year of her age.
The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock
this afternoon from Union-Station Methodist Church.

Mrs. Charlotte Page Smith. Mrs. Charlotte Page Smith died Tuesday at the Retreat for the Sick, in this city. She was the wife of Mr. W. E. Smith.

The remains were taken yesterday to Powhatan county for interment.

Judge Joseph B. Prince.

(Special to The Times Dispatch.)

SUFFOLK, VA., March 55.—Judge Joseph B. Prince, of Southempton county, who last month resigned, after a judical service of eleven years, died at 1 o'clock this afternoon at his home in Courtland, aged fifty-nine years. He had been suffering several years from an affection of the eyes, and later there was heart disease. Prior to being judge the deceased was clork of court for four years and State's attorney for twelve years. He was a Confederate veteran. Judge Prince leaves one son, Joseph B. Prince, Jr., the present judge, and one daughters, Miss Bessie Prince.

The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock to-morrow, when the following members of the bar will be pall-bearers; Senator William Shands, Hon. John N. Sebrell, Jr., Hon. John C. Parker, Captain Robert E. Lee Watkins, E. Frank Story, J. L. Miclemor and Claude J. Edwards. Judge Joseph B. Prince.

Edward H. Diffenderfer.

Edward H, Diffenderfer,

(Special to The Times-Dispatch,)
WINCHESTEH, VA., March 25.—A
telegram from Chicago to-day amounces
the death of Edward Harold Diffenderfer, a well known traveling man of this
city, aged twenty-eight years. He recently visited his parents here, and upon
returning to Chicago was selzed with iyphold fever, from which he died. Mrs. Allie Peters Richeson.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
AMHERST, VA., March 25.—Mrs. Allie
Peters Richeson, wife of T. V. Richeson, president of the Board of Supervisors of Amherst county, died very suddenly at her home, three miles from the county seat, yesterday at 2 o'clock, in her twenty-eighth year. The deceased

CORDES. MOSBY & CO.

Four Extraordinary Values in Hosiery.

Ladies' Fancy Dropatitch, Fast-Black Liele Hose, Herms-dorf dye, the usual 871-30, kind, 25c.

Ladies' Extra Quality Fast-Black Gauze Lisie Hose, the usual 25c, Kind, 25c,

Ladies' Extra Quality Allover Lace Lists Hose, the \$3c. kind, 19c.

was the second wife of T. V. Richeson, and they had been married about five years. She is survived by her husband and one child, a little girl of two years.

Mrs. D. D. Routh
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
PETERSBURG, VA., March 25.—Mrs.
David Dunlon Routh died at the home
of her husband, on Washington Street,
this morning shortly before 12 o'clock.
Mrs. Routh had been in feeble health for
several months, and her death was looked for by her physicians. She was the
daughter of the late W. D. Barkley, for
many years a tobacco manufacturer in
this city. She leaves two little children. Mrs. D. D Routh

Wm. Ballinger.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LEESBURG, V.A., March 25.—William

Ballinger, a prominent citizen of this
county, died late Saturday night at the
home of his son, Mr. Henry Ballinger, near
Luckett's, this county. He was seventyeight years of ago and a veteran of the
Confederacy. He is survived by his wife,
who was Miss Mary Breckenridge, of
this county; two sons—Mr. Isaac Ballinger, of Hamilton, and Mr. Henry Ballinger, of Luckett's—and one daughter,
Mrs. Rosa Kitchen, of Herndon, and one
brother, Mr. John Ballinger, of Ohlo.

Miss Ruth M. Patton.

Miss Ruth M. Patton.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch)
FREDERICKSBURG, VA., March 25.—
Miss Ruth M. Patton, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Patton, died at the home of her parents, near Martwood, in Stafford county, of whooping cough.

DECLINES TO AFFIRM OR DENY THE RUMOR

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, March 25.—President W.
H. Nowman, of the New York Central and
Hudson River Railroad, in an interview to-day declined to either deny or affirm the reported change of control of that

Asked whether he contemplated retir-Asked whether he contemplated retiring from the presidency, he replied: "Certainly not. I shall not leave my position, no matter into whose control the company may have gone."

A representative of the banking-house of J. P. Morgan & Co. said that so far as that firm was concerned the report was not true.

ANY M'KINLEY WOULD SUIT HIM

Virginia Crank Called at White House and Left in Patrol Wagon-Thought Crazy. Times-Dispatch, Bureau,

No. 1417 G Street Northwest, Washington, D. C., March 25th. man, giving the name of Lester E. Groves, and hailing from Winchester, Va., created a sensation at the White House late this afternoon by presenting himself at the Mansion and inquiring for Mr. McKinley. A door-keeper informed him that Mr. McKinley was dead.

"That's all right," said Groves; "his

"That's all right," said Groves; "his son will do."

"He hadn't any son," said the door-keeper, who was detaining the man until a secret service man could get him.

"Then any McKinley will do," said Groves; "I've got to see on of 'em."

But the secret service man had him by that time. He did not resist strongly, though he did not go at all willingly.

The police patrol wagon was called, a very unusual thing, as oranks are generally essorted from the Wihte House on foot to the station house. The man was locked up and his sanity will be investigated to-morrow. He is about thirty years of age.

DEATHS.

BELL.—BERTHA BELL, only daughtes of John F. Bell, died at Mr. J. J. Snead's, in Hanover county, on March 24th, 1903, in her nineteenth year.
Funeral from Grove Avenue Baptist Church TO-DAY (Thursday), March 26th, 1903, at 12 o'clock.
Norfolk papers please copy.

OLARKE.—Diod, at the residence of her husband, No. 517 N. Twenty-first Street, on Tuesday, March 24th, 1503, at 9:10 F. M. Mrs. MARGARET A. E. CLARKE, wife of William A. Clarke, in the sixty-second year of her age.

Funeral from Union Station Methodist Church THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON at 4 o clock, Please omit flowers.

HUNTER.—Entered into rest, after a lingering lilness, at her home in Independence, Mo., Tuesday night, Marcheth 24th, 1963, at 8:15 o'clock, ELIZABETH PRONT HUNTER, wife of W. N. Hunter and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Murton, of this city.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED, BOARD IN PRIVATE FAM-ily, not more than twelve squares of Seventh and Broad Streets. Address, stating terms, H. A. D., care The Globe. LOST-TUESDAY NIGHT ON A TRAC-tion car at 10:30 o'clock; a Black CHATELAIN, containing several dollars and a key. Finder will please return to No. 918 West Franklin Street.

WANTED, BOARDERS FOR ONE large Hall Room; also two double Rooms; a Room always for transient; 201 East Franklin Street

. Sold by all druggists. 20 conts.

PLAY BALL

SHAVING

You'll like it, and barbers 'will apply it for the asking. ALL DEALERS SELL IT IN

WIN AT BENNINGS

Second race—for malden two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs—Miss Nancy (7 to 10) first, Peter Paul (0 to 5) second, Listaway (10 to 1) third. Time, 157 3-5. Third race—malden hurdle race, for four-year-olds and upward; mile and a half, over six flights of hurdles—Alma Girl (20 to 1) first, Gibson Light (3 to 1) second, Willard J. (5 to 1) third. Time,

2:56 4-5.
Fourth race—selling: for three-year-olds and upwards; seven furlongs—Carroll D. (0 to 5) first, Knight of the Garter (20 to 1) second, Moderator (3 to 1) third. Time, 1:30 2-5.
Fifth race—for three-year-olds and upwards; six furlongs—Goldsby (6 to 1) first, Gelsha Girl (10 to 1) second, Prancer (5 to 1) third. Time 1:17.

Time, 50 3-4.

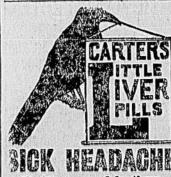
Seend race—maldens, six furlongs—Short Proof (6 to 1) first, Indian Child to 17 second, Prince Eugene (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:18.

Third race—selling, seven furlongs—Jóc Lesser (2 to 1) first, Nearest (6 to 1) second, Jerry Hunt (3 to 1) third. Time, 1:25.

Founds of the second second second second serve that the second s

The department will purchase \$2,000,000 worth of bullion for coinage into pesos.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25.



They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsis Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per ect remedy for Dizziness, Nausca, Drowsl

Small Pill. Small Dose.

IN SHOCKOE

Children's Extra Ribbed Cotton Hose, double heels, soles and toes, all sizes; special, 12 1-2c.